



Intellectual Output 2: INCLUSIVE HE

Training Course for academics and learning designers in developing Inclusive Practices in HEIs

Introduction

Promoting inclusive higher education systems is a key priority for Europe. The Renewed EU Agenda for Higher Education, adopted by European Commission in 2017, sets one of the four goals for European cooperation in Higher Education to be: "Building inclusive and connected higher education". The European Commission highlights the importance of having European Higher Education Institutions which are inclusive and well-connected with their communities, in order to ensure that Europe's diverse population is reflected in students' population. Thus, it is recommended that HEI should target improving access and completion rates by disadvantaged and underrepresented groups.

The European University Association has recently published a report of the INVITED project (2019), which examined the way 159 European universities engage with and promote diversity, equity and inclusion. This report showed that training on diversity, equity and inclusion mainly targets academic teaching staff leaving the non-academic staff with very few opportunities for training with inclusive methods and tools. Even when the institutions create measures to increase diversity among staff, they mainly focus on gender equality.

There are only a few institutions that have set quantitative targets that consider less represented groups such as academics with diverse ethnic, cultural and migration background, disability, sexual orientation and religion. In addition, only one-third of responding institutions provide training to staff on topics like intercultural communication and anti-bias. Only a small number of countries have developed action plans to follow up on their commitments. The report states "Staff training is required, both for administrative staff as well as teaching and research staff, to raise the level of awareness and provide concrete tools and approaches for addressing diversity. Ultimately this will foster inclusive learning, teaching and research environments" (p. 44).

Universities promote themselves as inclusive even though their "inclusiveness" often relates to gender and/or disabilities and thus, excluding other forms of discrimination (Morina, 2017). Similarly, studies that examine diversity in higher education mainly focus on the aspect of gender (e.g. Leisute & Hosch-Dayican, 2014, Morley & Crossouard, 2016). Therefore, even though the university community in European Higher Education Institutions is diverse it is still crucial to support and ensure that it is also inclusive, and that their diverse members are equally valued and rewarded (Stein, 2019). Moreover, as the INVITED project indicated very few institutions have considered developing practices that support the inclusion of diverse members with ethnic, cultural and migration background. This is also evident in the partner countries, Cyprus, Belgium, Finland, Romania and Greece, where policies and practices focus on promoting diversity and neglect the importance of inclusion. Often studies exclude sexual orientation, religion, ability and even classim, and this is one of the contributions of this project.

Considering the aforementioned gaps and needs, the training which is part of the IO2 of the INCLUSIVE HE project aims to integrate inclusive practices as a key driver for modernising higher education courses in Europe. Its objectives are (a) to support higher education providers to design, implement, and monitor effective inclusive policies and practices, (b) to



build the competences of learning designers and academics to design inclusive learning programs and (c) to improve the supply of high quality inclusive higher education opportunities for all.

The training builds on the existing knowledge developed by partners and aims at supporting higher education institutions to develop inclusive policies and practices. The target groups for this project include:

- Higher education policymakers and leadership teams (direct target group)
- Learning designers and academics (direct target group)
- Higher education students (indirect target group)

Upon completion of the training, the participants should be able to:

- understand the concept of inclusive and its current state of the art;
- acknowledge the potential that inclusive education has for the learning sector;
- familiarize with the most common inclusive pedagogies and their basic pros and cons in education;
- familiarize with how inclusive environments support intercultural learning methods, gender education, and diversification of the content, materials and ideas, of that are new to individuals;
- introduce inclusive teaching and learning practices to others (fellow-academics, colleagues, education experts, higher education students, stakeholders etc.);
- apply design-thinking methodology in the design process;
- identify the design elements suitable for the development of inclusive programs;
- design and develop inclusive programs suitable for HE;
- design and develop inclusive teaching and learning scenarios suitable for HE and
- evaluate the usefulness of the existing inclusive programs in higher education courses and provide recommendations for improvement.



Training Course for learning designers and academics

in developing Inclusive Practices in HEIs

WORKSHOP for F2F Instruction

Design, implement, and monitor effective inclusive policies and practices in HEIs

Module Title: Design, implement, and monitor effective inclusive policies and practices in HEIs

Aim of the module: The objective of this module is to provide a robust conceptual baseline for developing, implementing and monitoring effective inclusive policies and practices in HEIs. More specifically, this module aims to:

- 1. Familiarise academic staff, practitioners, learning designers, and support staff with the development of inclusive education programmes in Higher Education (HE) through the use of Design Thinking Methodology (DTM)
- 2. Enable the development of inclusive courses that allow students with diverse abilities, ethnic, cultural and migration background, sexual orientation and religion to have an equal opportunity to learn
- 3. Improve the supply of high quality inclusive higher education opportunities for all
- 4. Raise awareness concerning inclusive practices that foster inclusion

Learning outcomes of the module: Upon completion of this module, participants should be able to:

- 1. Design and develop inclusive programs suitable for HE
- 2. Evaluate the usefulness of the existing inclusive programs in higher education courses and provide recommendations for improvement
- 3. Modernise curricula and integrate inclusive practices for the design and delivery of courses





Module duration: 4 Hours Face to Face

Preparation/ Materials/Equipment

- Training venue with IT equipment including laptop and projector
- A computer for the facilitator
- Internet connection
- Projector
- Flipchart and markers
- Sign-in sheet
- Electronic device (mobile or computer) for each participant (optional)
- A notebook and a pen for each participant

Resources

- Ballenger, S., & Sinclair, N. (2020). Inclusive Design Thinking-Model for Inclusive Course Development. Online Journal of Distance Learning Administration, 23(4), n4.
- Chambers, D. (2020). Assistive technology supporting inclusive education: existing and emerging trends. In *Assistive Technology to Support Inclusive Education*. Emerald Publishing Limited.
- Claeys-Kulik, A. L., Jørgensen, T. E., & Stöber, H. (2019). Diversity, Equity and Inclusion in European Higher Education Institutions: Results from the INVITED Project. *European University Association*.
- Gordon, S. R., Elmore-Sanders, P., & Gordon, D. R. (2017). Everyday practices of social justice: Examples and suggestions for administrators and practitioners in higher education. *Journal of Critical Thought and Praxis*, 6(1).
- Han, H. S., Vomvoridi-Ivanović, E., Jacobs, J., Karanxha, Z., Lypka, A., Topdemir, C., & Feldman, A. (2014). Culturally responsive pedagogy in higher education: A collaborative self-study. Studying Teacher Education, 10(3), 290-312.
- INCLUSIVE HE (2022). IO1: Toolkit for administrators and policy-makers at higher education institutions to support them in developing inclusive policies. Available at: https://inclusivehe.eu/en/toolkit
- Kurbonalievna, I. G., & Adxamovna, B. G. (2021). The main causes of conflicts in higher educational institutions and the concept of their management. *Asian Journal Of Multidimensional Research*, 10(6), 239-244.
- Martin, N., Wray, M., James, A., Draffan, E. A., Krupa, J., & Turner, P. (2019). Implementing Inclusive Teaching and Learning in UK Higher Education—Utilising Universal Design for Learning (UDL) as a Route to Excellence.
- Navarro, S., Zervas, P., Gesa, R., & Sampson, D. (2016). Developing teachers' competences for designing inclusive learning experiences. *Educational Technology and Society*, 19(1), 17-27.





- McNicholl, A., Casey, H., Desmond, D., & Gallagher, P. (2021). The impact of assistive technology use for students with disabilities in higher education: a systematic review. *Disability and Rehabilitation: Assistive Technology*, 16(2), 130-143.
- Moriña, A. (2017). Inclusive education in higher education: challenges and opportunities. European Journal of Special Needs Education, 32(1), 3-17.
- Mutanga, O. (2018). Inclusion of students with disabilities in South African higher education. International Journal of Disability, Development and Education, 65(2), 229-242.
- Panke, S., & Harth, T. (2019). Design thinking for inclusive community design: (How) does it work?. Journal of Interactive Learning Research, 30(2), 195-214.
- Sani-Bozkurt, S. (2019). Universal design principles and technology-supported learning in the digital era: Assistive technologies in inclusive learning. In *Ubiquitous Inclusive Learning in a Digital Era* (pp. 107-127). IGI Global.
- Yusof, Y., Chan, C. C., Hillaluddin, A. H., Ahmad Ramli, F. Z., & Mat Saad, Z. (2020). Improving inclusion of students with disabilities in Malaysian higher education. *Disability & Society*, *35*(7), 1145-1170.



Training Course: Design, implement, and monitor effective inclusive policies and practices in HEIs

No	Topics and Sub-topics/Learning activities	Duration	Training methods	Materials/ Equipment Required	Handouts and Activity sheets
1	Introduction to the INCLUSIVE HE project Describe the project and explain its primary aim. Training Course Overview Explain to the participants which topics will be covered in the training session	5 minutes	PresentationDemonstration	ComputerInternet connectionProjector	Presentation (PPT_Module) (slides 2 -3)
2	 Icebreaker activity: 'Two Truths and a Lie' This activity will be used as an icebreaker. Steps: Ask one participant to write three statements about themselves: 2 true and 1 false. Ask the other participants to vote on which statements are true and which is false. After the first person has shared their statement and the group has decided which statement is false, the first person will reveal which statements were true and which one was false. Move on until each person in the group has shared their statements. The person who manages to correctly guess the most lies wins. Alternatively, you can play this game in a noncompetitive way just for participants to get to know each other. 	15 minutes	 Icebreaker activity Self-presentation Participation of all participants 	 Computer (Laptop) Internet connection Projector Pen and notebook 	



3	• The trainer shows the video https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RM5oF6WwHeU and asks the participants to address the main issues discussed in it regarding Inclusiveness in the Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) across Europe. The aim is to conclude that there is a need for Universities to adopt policies to remove the barriers that disrupt students' academic success, address inequalities and become inclusive at a time when society is evolving fast.	10 minutes	DiscussionReflection	 Computer (Laptop) Internet connection Projector 	Slide 4
4	Conceptualising the terms Diversity, equity, and inclusion, social justice The trainer asks the participants to brainstorm (in groups if it is possible) and create a mind map to illustrate their perceptions regarding the terms diversity, equity, inclusion, and social justice. Participants are encouraged to address the importance as well as the correlations between these concepts. In the end, the groups are asked to explain your mind map to each other. Then, the trainer presents each concept and the relevant information around it.	20 minutes	 Discussion Reflection Presentation Exchanging ideas and opinions Flipchart Markers 	 Computer (Laptop) Internet connection Projector A3 pages 	Presentation (PPT_Module) (slide 5-12)
5	Inclusion readiness assessment and reflection tool The trainer states that the "Higher Education must play its part in tackling Europe's social and democratic challenges. This means ensuring that Higher Education is inclusive and that its institutions are well connected to their communities". Then the trainer asks the participants to reflect on their institution policies and practices regarding diversity and inclusion by using the inclusion readiness assessment and reflection tool. This inclusion readiness assessment and reflection tool is built with the purpose to be used as a checklist for institutions in higher education.	30 minutes	DiscussionReflection	 Computer (Laptop) Internet connection Projector Inclusion readiness assessment and reflection tool ANNEX I 	Presentation (PPT_Module) (slide 13)



The aim is to encourage higher education institutions reflection on their policies and practices regarding diversity and inclusion and support them in fostering inclusion. The checklist is divided into three core dimensions of the Inclusive Higher Education framework: policies, practices, and accessibility. By "Policies" we consider a course or principle of action adopted or proposed by higher institutions. Each dimension consists of areas and standards which guide discussions and analysis of the inclusive profile of a higher education institution:

A. Policies: National level, Regional level, University level

B. Practices: Administration, Curriculum, Teaching and Learning

C. Accessibility: Physical, Digital, Social, Attitudinal

How to use:

Either go through the whole checklist or focus on each dimension and area separately.

The checklist requires the participation of staff members from different departments and services for example, one person from the university leadership, two administrative staff and two academics.

By ticking the box, you are indicating that this practice and/or policy exists in your institution, and it is applied to the fullest. If the practices and/or policies at your university are not well-applied, consider not ticking the box as there is still room for improvement.

Count the number of ticked boxes. A percentage of 0-50% indicates a high need for development; 50%-80% indicates that there are established policies and practices but there is still a need for further development; > 80% you are doing a great job in the field of inclusion, but the right still be room for improvement.



	After filling in the checklist, a brief discussion follows based on the results. This activity can be performed in groups.				
6	Inclusive Higher Education SWOT-analysis After using the checklist to identify the state of inclusive policies and practices at participants' institution, the trainer asks the participants to perform a SWOT analysis on inclusive policies and practices of their institution. They are asked to document the current strengths and weaknesses, as well as the key opportunities and challenges that need to be addressed in the Inclusive Higher Education by using the Inclusive Higher Education Strategy template to establish priorities from the SWOT-analysis. This activity can be performed in groups. The SWOT analysis is being presented in the audience.	20 minutes	 Presentation Discussion Exchanging opinion and practices 	 Computer (Laptop) Internet connection Projector Flip chart Inclusive Higher Education SWOT-analysis Annex II 	Presentation (PPT_Module) (slide 14)
7	Challenges for Inclusion in HEIs Based on the checklist and the swot analysis discussions, the trainer presents the challenges for inclusion in HEIs in terms of campus, teaching, attitudes. The trainer asks the trainees whether they have witnessed any conflicts in their institutions. What type of conflict was it? Then trainees are expected to present in brief the conflict to the group as well as to think of ways to properly handle a conflict.	20 minutes	• Presentation	 Computer (Laptop) Internet connection Projector 	Presentation (PPT_Module) (slide 15-20)
8	Inclusive HEIs The trainer asks the participants to comment on the statements illustrated on slide 21 and poses questions like: What is inclusive teaching? How can we achieve this?	10 minutes	Presentation	 Computer (Laptop) Internet connection Projector 	Presentation (PPT_Module) (slides 21)



	Then s/he states the following:				
	Inclusive teaching doesn't occur automatically. It requires planning and promoting across a spectrum of practices with the aim of creating a learning environment that allows all students to engage, regardless of discipline and course content. True and inclusive education cannot exist when just a desire is there without a clear understanding of techniques to structure inclusive education and use pedagogical moves to foster inclusion."				
9	Inclusive HEIs The trainer can start with the following question: How we might design our Higher Institutions to be more inclusive in terms of learning environment, content, teaching practices, climate, power, attitudes etc. Questions to be asked: In what ways is your curriculum accessible and relevant to your students? Are you promoting student engagement in ways that are meaningful and relevant to students? Do you support all students in producing high-level work? How can we promote accessibility through digital technology? Are you creating an atmosphere for learning that is accessible and meaningful for all? ow can we diversify the ways that students demonstrate their mastery of competences? Does the learning environment empower all students? Does it disrupt the traditional power dynamics between teacher and student and among students? How can awareness on inclusion can take place to change existing attitudes? The participants present their ideas and then the trainer presents the relevant slides.	30 minutes	• Presentation	 Computer (Laptop) Internet connection Projector 	Presentation (PPT_Module) (slides 22-36)



	Special focus on slide 36 where the Inclusive Higher Education Best Practices Framework is being presented to the participants along with the url to access it in order to promote INCLUSIVE HE project.				
10	Benefits associated with having students with diverse ethnic, cultural and migration background, disability, sexual orientation and religion. The trainer asks the participant the following: What are the benefits associated with having students with diverse ethnic, cultural and migration background, disability, sexual orientation and religion. enrolled in the classrooms? In what ways students can also benefit from their enrolment in HE?	5 minutes	• Presentation	 Computer (Laptop) Internet connection Projector 	Presentation (PPT_Module) (slides 37)
11	Developing an inclusive course in Higher Education The trainer asks the participants about the general steps with respect to creating an inclusive course in Higher Education along with issues to consider. In groups, the participants are asked to create a diagram with all the essential issues. After the completion of this task each team presents their suggestions. Expected answers: Define the content of the course Determine the audience Construct learning outcomes Build content and materials. Choose an instructional strategy Develop learning activities that foster learners' engagement Use of learning materials (such as videos, audio recordings, pages, and resources), Decide on the learning management system (LMS) that will host the course	10 minutes	 Discussion Exchanging opinion and practices A3 pages Flipchart 	•Computer (Laptop) •Internet connection •Projector	Presentation (PPT_Module)
12	The trainer informs the participants they will go through the main stages of developing an inclusive course within the framework of design	45 minutes	• Discussion	•Computer (Laptop)	Presentation (PPT_Module)



thinking methodology. Then, the trainer goes through each stage and asks relevant questions.	opin	nanging nion and ntices	•Internet connection •Projector	(slides 38-45)
Stage 1: Emphathise: Understand learners' needs	prac	ario e s		
Useful questions:				
 How can we conceptualise our leaners' needs? (Stage 1) What challenges we face in doing so? (Stage 1) What solutions can we find to address these challenges? 				
(Stage 1)				
The trainer presents Stage 1: Emphathize: Understand learners' needs as well as the ways in which they can be identified.				
Stage 2: Define: Address learners' needs and course objectives				
Useful question:				
 How can we address and support leaners' needs in our courses? (Stage 2) 				
Stage 3 Ideate				
(Stage 3) The trainer asks the participants to think of ways to facilitate multiple means of representation and engagement of their learners. At				
this point the trainer encourages brainstorming amongst participants. After the completion of this task each team presents their suggestions and a final diagram is being created.				
The trainer should have in mind the following during brainstorming: • Accept criticism (on your own ideas and those of other people)				
 Encourage all kind of ideas Build on the ideas of others 				
Be visual (i.e. find a way to visually express your ideas) Go for quantity				



	Then the trainer presents Stage 3 Ideate : Explore and identify possible solutions in terms of developing inclusive learning activities and experiences by offering multiple means of representation and engagement Stage 4 Prototype: Inclusive course development The trainer asks the participants to expand on the ideas in the ideation/brainstorming phase as well as think of ways to allow learners to make real-world connections, and engage in authentic opportunities within an inclusive environment. The trainer gives the opportunity to the participants to present their ideas with respect to the development of an inclusive course. After the illustration of their ideas, the trainer shares the main stages for the development of an inclusive course STAGE 5: Test— use rubrics to evaluate participants' understanding, motivations, and attitudes. The trainer introduces the final stage and ask the participants to state ways in which participants' understanding, motivations, and attitudes can be checked.				
13	Further readings The trainer presents additional resources on promoting inclusion in HEIs and asks the participants if they have further questions.	1 minute	 Presentation 	Computer (Laptop)Internet connectionProjector	Presentation (PPT_Module) (slides 46-50)
14	Module Feedback The trainer asks the participants to fill in the questionnaire regarding the training they have participated.	5 minutes	Online or hard copy	Annex III	



ANNEX I

Inclusion readiness assessment and reflection tool

Description

This inclusion readiness assessment and reflection tool is built with the purpose to be used as a checklist for institutions in higher education. The aim is to encourage higher education institutions reflection on their policies and practices regarding diversity and inclusion and support them in fostering inclusion. The checklist is divided into three core dimensions of the Inclusive Higher Education framework: policies, practices, and accessibility. By "Policies" we consider a course or principle of action adopted or proposed by higher institutions. Each dimension consists of areas and standards which guide discussions and analysis of the inclusive profile of a higher education institution:

A. Policies: National level, Regional level, University level

B. Practices: Administration, Curriculum, Teaching and Learning

C. Accessibility: Physical, Digital, Social, Attitudinal

You can go through the whole checklist or focus on each dimension and area separately. The checklist requires the participation of staff members from different departments and services for example, one person from the university leadership, two administrative staff and two teachers. It takes approximately an hour to answer it.

Instructions

By ticking the box \boxtimes , you are indicating that this practice and/or policy exists in your institution, and it is applied to the fullest. If the practices and/or policies at your university are not well-applied, consider not ticking the box as there is still room for improvement.

Checklist evaluation

After you have gone through the checklist you can count how many boxes you have noted and write the number of ticks in the sections you are focusing on. If your percentage is between 0-50% then these areas are in high need to be improved and developed. If your percentage is between 50%-80% you have already established policies and practices but there is still a need for further development. If you have more than 80% you are doing a great job in the field of inclusion, but it is not perfect. Please go to Canvas, follow the instructions, share ideas for further development and establishment of practices and policies, and work on improving those areas.



Policies	
University level (/3	35)
The following policies are found in my institution:	
We have periodic policy reviews	
We have audits and use checklists to evaluate university facilities	
We monitor organizational and structural accessibility	
We have compulsory training for administrative and teaching staff on inclusive	
practices	
We implement diversity and sensitivity training including self-reflection on	
behaviours and differences, recognition and demystification of stereotypes	
We have training sessions to find new methods of effectively ensuring equal access to	
information	
We have training workshops on the legal and technical requirements of accessibility	
We have external and in-house sessions that address digital content policies and	
procedures to raise awareness among librarians and develop a culture of accessibility	
We have professional development events about accessibility that provide practical information	
We exempt paying tuition fees for minority students	
Inclusive environment and collaboration	1
We provide workshops to inspire an exchange of ideas that highlight positive	
collaborations and practices of assisting people with disabilities	
We have rigorous monitoring of the systems used to serve disabled students	
We have widening information channels of university application accessible to	
minority parents and students	
We have flexible language admission requirements for foreign students	
We encourage collaboration, administrative support, and participation throughout	
campus departments	
We establish collaborations between library staff, people with disabilities and the	
office of student disability services	<u> </u>
We offer information on services, policies, and procedures for individuals with	
disabilities	
We promote customizable library services during orientation workshop for new and	
returning students	
We provide students with different types of support desks	
We provide earlier accessible assessment for dyslexia	
We support research and evidence to support the development of campus-based	
programs	
We apply for additional funding resources for note takers and other services	
We ensure the creation of networks between accessibility coordinators/officers	
between faculties and institutions	
We are committed to collaborating with schools, families and civil society agencies on	
how to support students on campus	
Technology for inclusion	
We provide assistive technology training	$\sqcup \sqcup$



We invest in website development for providing training, guidance, and community	
engagement	
We carry out an ongoing campaign to remove/fix inaccessible PDFs and videos	П
without closed captions for every website associated with the university	
We allow students to use computers and record lectures	П
Liaison office(r)	
We have a Liaison office(r) that keep the staff well-informed on how to comply with	ПП
accessibility standards through regular communication, resources, and support	
services	
We have a disability officer	
We have a dyslexia coordinator	
We have regular institutional meetings and professional development sessions to	
keep the Librarian Liaison (main point of contact with the Library) well informed on	
daily activities, important events and/or curricular changes in disability services	
We have student support services to transmit information across academic	
departments and promote dyslexia friendly approaches	
We create individual course guides for students, faculty, staff, and other affiliates of	
university's academic departments, programs, and researchers to use as a point of	
reference	-
We publish information regarding the university's role in inclusive higher education	Ш
Policies	
Regional level (/2)
The following practices are found in my institution:	
NAVA target and with a second selection of the projection of the projection of the selection of the selectio	
We team up with community organizations in the neighbourhood serving minority	
students to develop events and programming	
students to develop events and programming	
students to develop events and programming	
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There is a state-specific website where students, family members, and professionals	
can locate contact information and short descriptions of universities offering options	
for students with intellectual disabilities	
We disseminate information (both face-to-face and electronic) from model inclusive	
programs and national inclusive higher education models	
There is a state-wide list where stakeholders can publish upcoming events and	
information about	

Practices	
Administration (16)
The following practices are found in my institution:	
We have gender inclusive forms	
We provide one-to-one support to minority students for checking entry requirements	
Recommendation of pathways to refugee and asylum seeker students to meet the	
university requirements	
We arrange one to one support with a technician to prepare the student's equipment	
before the degree starts	
We have compulsory training for administration staff to support students with	
impairments	
We participate in campus-wide efforts/events sponsored for or by the Office of	
Student Disability Services.	
We proactively advocate for the freedom to equally access resources, technology,	
and services to support individuals with disabilities	
We use social media as an instructional tool to promote services the college	
community may not be aware of i.e., assistive technology apps	
We collect feedback from key stakeholders and administrators through surveys, focus	
groups, and incentivized input to monitor programming and services i.e., workplace	
discussion groups exploring diversity and inclusion	
We drive a programme of awareness-raising among staff and students by using	
research data and other material	
We have issued a study skills booklet	
A disability office staffed with professionals with special knowledge is established in	
every university	
There is a national support centre and disability coordinator responsible for managing	
all issues regarding students with disabilities	
Assessment is provided within the universities for students who are suspected to be	
dyslexic but have not been identified before	
There are awareness-raising programs of dyslexia among administrative and	
academic staff	
Students with dyslexia are informed about their rights and responsibilities	

Practices	
Curriculum	(/5)





The following practices are found in my institution:	
We follow a learner-centred approach with a focus on the student and learning	
instead of teaching	
We have group activities during courses	
We have flexible ways of assessment	
We create individual course guides for students, faculty, staff, and other affiliates of	
university's academic departments, programs, and researchers to use as a point of	
reference	
We provide extra time for students during examinations and practicum	

Practices	
Teaching and learning (/3	32)
The following practices are found in my institution:	
Inclusive relationships and atmosphere	
We build an atmosphere where students feel comfortable to express their needs	
We use small seminar groups and small number of students	
We allow students to record and use their handheld devices during the lecture	
We provide seat to students with minimum noises and in a U-shape sitting arrangement which is considered effective to reach all the students	
We apply flexible grouping strategies to expose the students to various learning experiences with various characteristics of peers	
We support collaboration between students	
We are flexible with students' absences	
Various/accessible teaching materials	
We provide screen readers such as JAWS or NVD	
We add Alt text or alternative text attached to the picture so the student can have a clear description on the picture	
We provide Slate, Stylus, Picture Descriptor Software such as cloud vision	
We provide note-taking software such as Evernote, write pad	
We provide recorders and laptops to our students	
We provide Braille Translation software, and Braille printer	
We provide reader that assist the students to do the exam. Reader will help the students by reading the question and writing the answer on the answer sheet	
We design examinations that are accessible for students such as providing the examination in form of audio, braille, or word file Assistive technology	
Various/accessible teaching content	
We use online platforms to upload course material and provide lecturer's notes	
Lecture materials and notes are posted on digital platforms i.e., Minerva to allow	
choice of font and colour, coloured paper, recording of lectures	
We support teachers about the students with specific impairment and their abilities	
before the course starts We provide the reading materials in an accessible format such as word, pdf or ePub	
i vie provide the reading materials in an accessible format such as word, pur or epub	



We provide the materials before the class so students can have enough time to learn	
it	
We provide lecture hand-outs and Power Point presentation	
We have availability of content and learning resources in alternative formats	
Extra tutorials (one-to-one)	
We provide both set times for tutorials and office hours, where the students can see	
their teachers and tutors whenever problems arise	
We provide extra tutorials (one-to-one sessions) for students with disabilities were	
provided by postgraduate students	
We provide mentoring support	
We offer access to trained dyslexia specialists, to assistive technology and counselling	
Our students are paired with the Librarian Liaison to identify specific challenges and	
steps to remedy the obstacles to obtain information	

Accessibility	
Physical (/1	L 6)
The following practices are found in my institution:	
We have indoor and outdoor pathways of each building and libraries with clear, safe,	
and barrier-free pathways when travelling to and from each facility	
We have elevators, water fountains, and public areas (i.e., circulation desk, reference	
or information desk, stacks, etc.) accessible to individuals with disabilities	
We have immediate access to the physical space within the library, as well as	
transporting to and from each facility on campus to visit the library	
The library entrance/exit is clear and wide enough for wheelchair users	
We have signposting and wayfinding to help users navigate through library facilities	
to efficiently fulfil information needs and minimize confusion at various access points	
We have student halls which are specially adapted for people with disabilities	
We provide a university bus that is accessible for students with mobility disabilities	
We have created a detailed online map that demonstrates accessible areas, including	
easy access entrances, push-button or keypad automatic doors, and barrier-free	
routes to different access points of each library facility	
We have space for self-study on campus	
We have a new computer centre with private study areas in the library or individual	
departments - both quiet work areas and group work areas	
We are restructuring the physical environment and the creation of accessible facilities	
We have gender inclusive bathrooms	
We have facilities fully equipped to accommodate every user	
We have at least one larger wheelchair accessible compartment for easier access in	
restrooms	
We have stalls with dual grab bars, and accessible fixtures in restrooms	
We have gender inclusive housing opportunities	
We have a workstation with an identifying AA (AccessAbility) sticker, and the	
following three software programs: JAWS (screen reader), ZoomText (screen reader,	



enlarges text), and Kurzweil (educational technology designed for learning disabilities)

Accessibility	
Digital (/1	L5)
The following practices are found in my institution:	Ī
We provide available screen readers and Dictaphones	
We provide appropriate screen sizes	
We provide appropriate audio-visual support	
We provide assistive technology and supportive software	
We support the use of PowerPoint	
We provide the AccessText Network that helps university students with print	
disabilities connect the Office of Student Disability with major publishers to obtain	
textbooks in alternative formats, free of charge	
We provide open-source tools that can be applied to evaluate webpages in	
conjunction with individual assessment to oversee accuracy. For example: The Web	
Accessibility Tool http://wave.webaim.org WAVE which is a browser-based tool	
developed by Web Accessibility in Mind (WebAIM) to ensure website content	
compliance	
We support the use of Colour Contrast Analyser Tool https:// www.visionaustralia.org	
provided by Vision Australia, a leading supplier of services for broad range visual	
impairments, checks foreground and background colour combinations to determine whether it provides sufficient colour visibility	
We use Browse Aloud a support-software, which adds speech, reading, and	П
translation to websites by facilitating access and participation for people with	
dyslexia, low literacy, English as a second language, and those with mild visual	
impairments	
We support the use of online resources for course work	
We have access to Bookshare, one of the largest online platforms for individuals with	
various print disabilities with eBooks	
We have access to Learning Ally, one of the largest resources that produces and	
maintains educational audiobooks	
Our libraries can provide materials in alternate formats to remediate inaccessible	
print and electronic/digital materials	<u> </u>
Our content authors or editors have to confirm that screen-readers and other	
assistive technology software can properly interpret multimedia, HTML, and PDF	
documents We provide to our students one to one support with a technician to proper their	\vdash
We provide to our students one to one support with a technician to prepare their equipment before the degree starts	
equipment before the degree starts	<u> </u>
Accessibility	
Social	/5)
The following practices are found in my institution:	· ·
We initiate activities to uplift the involvement and engagement of the students	



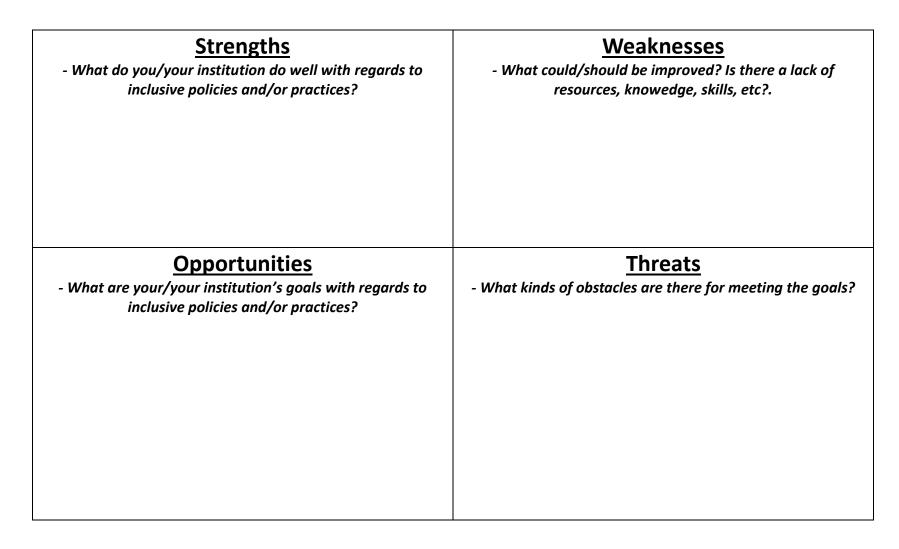
We provide tutoring support by peer students	
We reduce barriers of communication through access, telephone, in-person	
interaction, service announcements, and various forms of articulating information to	
accommodate patrons with disabilities	
We provide group work and activities that promote interaction between students	
We have introductory tours offered by volunteer students	

Accessibility		
Attitudinal	(/4)
The following practices are found in my institution:		
We support the increased contact between students with special needs and		
disabilities and students without special needs and disabilities		
We provide pre-service intervention programme on movement experiences for		
students to change attitudes towards accessibility and inclusion		
We provide professional development opportunities for teachers to recognise		
impairment		
We have compulsory training for administration staff to support students with		
impairments		



ANNEX II

INCLUSIVE HE SWOT ANALYSIS





ANNEX III

TRAINING EVALUATION FORM

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TITLE AND LOCATION OF TRAINING:

TRAINER:

INSTRUCTIONS: Please indicate your level of agreement with the statements listed below in #1-11.

	Strongly	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
1. The objectives of the	agree				Disagree
training					
were clearly defined.					
Participation and					
interaction were					
encouraged					
3. The topics covered					
were relevant to me					
4. The content was					
organised and easy to					
follow					
5. The materials					
distributed were					
helpful					
6. This training					
experience will be					
useful in my work					
7. The trainer was					
knowledgeable about					
the training topics					
8. The trainer was well					
prepared					
9. The training					
objectives were met					
10. The time allotted					
for the training was					
sufficient					
11. The meeting room					
and facilities were					
adequate and					
comfortable					



12. What did you like most about this training?

13. What aspects of the training could be improved?	
14. What additional training would you like to have in the future?	
15. How do you hope to change your practice as a result of this training?	

16. Please share any other comment regarding the training course you have participated, if any:

THANK YOU FOR YOUR FEEDBACK!